The Land Institute

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

June 30, 2023 and 2022



The Land Institute

June 30, 2023 and 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors The Land Institute Salina, Kansas

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Land Institute (the Institute), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Institute as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Institute and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Institute's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that these financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from



Board of Directors The Land Institute Page 2

fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Institute's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2023, on our consideration of the Institute's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Institute's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORVIS, LLP

Kansas City, Missouri November 21, 2023

The Land Institute Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

Assets

	2023	2022
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,953,797	\$ 11,726,251
Investments	6,216,724	674,376
Grants receivable	224,893	518,858
Contributions receivable	680,000	385,000
Interest receivable	-	5,182
Prepaid expenses	28,530	117,210
Inventory	22,496	12,831
Total current assets	14,126,440	13,439,708
Other Assets		
Investments	-	856,289
Interest in assets at Greater Salina Community Foundation	121,691	29,216
Contributions receivable	-	355,000
Property and equipment, net	9,866,501	9,882,765
Total other assets	9,988,192	11,123,270
Total assets	\$ 24,114,632	\$ 24,562,978
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 192,658	\$ 94,129
Accrued expenses	295,304	387,752
Refundable advances	540,510	1,047,417
Deferred compensation	266,700	297,800
Deferred revenue	210	
Total current liabilities	1,295,382	1,827,098
Net Assets		
Without donor restrictions	21,224,253	20,321,061
With donor restrictions	1,594,997	2,414,819
Total net assets	22,819,250	22,735,880
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 24,114,632	\$ 24,562,978

The Land Institute Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2023				
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total		
Revenues, Gains and Other Support					
Contributions and grants	\$ 8,907,509	\$ -	\$ 8,907,509		
Reimbursement of joint project expenses	172,278	-	172,278		
Contributions of nonfinancial assets	225,000	-	225,000		
Investment income	353,616	-	353,616		
Other	64,821	-	64,821		
Net assets released from restrictions	819,822	(819,822)			
Total revenues, gains and other support	10,543,046	(819,822)	9,723,224		
Expenses					
Program Services					
Education and public policy	1,497,106	-	1,497,106		
NSA research	6,146,254		6,146,254		
Total program services	7,643,360		7,643,360		
Support Services					
Management and general	971,500	-	971,500		
Fundraising	1,024,994		1,024,994		
Total support services	1,996,494		1,996,494		
Total expenses	9,639,854		9,639,854		
Change in Net Assets	903,192	(819,822)	83,370		
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	20,321,061	2,414,819	22,735,880		
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 21,224,253	\$ 1,594,997	\$ 22,819,250		

The Land Institute Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022					
	Without Donor Restrictions					Total
Revenues, Gains and Other Support						
Contributions and grants	\$	6,781,048	\$	140,000	\$	6,921,048
Reimbursement of joint project expenses		156,268		-		156,268
Contributions of nonfinancial assets		1,524,000		-		1,524,000
Investment income		25,712		-		25,712
Other		9,949		-		9,949
Net assets released from restrictions		365,178		(365,178)		
Total revenues, gains and other support		8,862,155		(225,178)		8,636,977
Expenses						
Program Services						
Education and public policy		1,127,584		-		1,127,584
NSA research		4,538,525		-		4,538,525
Total program services		5,666,109				5,666,109
Support Services						
Management and general		581,218		-		581,218
Fundraising		715,390		-		715,390
Total support services		1,296,608				1,296,608
Total expenses		6,962,717				6,962,717
Change in Net Assets		1,899,438		(225,178)		1,674,260
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		18,421,623		2,639,997		21,061,620
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	20,321,061	\$	2,414,819	\$	22,735,880

The Land Institute Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Program Services						
	Education and Public Policy	NSA Research	Total	Management and General	Fundraising	Total	Total Expenses
Salaries	\$ 737,720	\$ 2,824,208	\$ 3,561,928	\$ 392,529	\$ 580,965	\$ 973,494	\$ 4,535,422
Payroll taxes	52,512	197,837	250,349	34,368	40,100	74,468	324,817
Employee benefits	95,618	466,414	562,032	4,402	105,328	109,730	671,762
Employee recruitment	3,126	3,882	7,008	892	27	919	7,927
Total salaries and related expenses	888,976	3,492,341	4,381,317	432,191	726,420	1,158,611	5,539,928
Advertising, promotion and printing	152,118	810	152,928	50	14,370	14,420	167,348
Books, subscriptions and dues	2,982	16,887	19,869	875	3,064	3,939	23,808
Computer expense	7,793	44,991	52,784	5,346	7,421	12,767	65,551
Contract services	37,585	522,019	559,604	124,559	26,993	151,552	711,156
Direct mailing	38,848	127,258	166,106	23,618	90,150	113,768	279,874
Events	122,927	11,826	134,753	8,238	9,927	18,165	152,918
Insurance	24,165	123,905	148,070	18,495	25,266	43,761	191,831
Advisory and board meetings	-	-	-	13,763	-	13,763	13,763
Small equipment	149	79,144	79,293	3,169	196	3,365	82,658
Maintenance and repairs	6,446	244,197	250,643	5,206	6,536	11,742	262,385
Rent and utilities	19,919	113,558	133,477	13,305	18,551	31,856	165,333
Office supplies and repairs	1,613	6,328	7,941	1,038	2,512	3,550	11,491
Postage and freight	3,965	19,337	23,302	1,484	2,091	3,575	26,877
Professional services	20,628	126,760	147,388	218,548	47,244	265,792	413,180
Research stipends	142,069	463,554	605,623	-	-	-	605,623
Supplies and materials	2,912	294,185	297,097	512	305	817	297,914
Taxes	3,569	17,041	20,610	2,290	3,331	5,621	26,231
Travel	20,172	158,047	178,219	17,821	40,617	58,438	236,657
Honorarium	270	-	270	-	-	-	270
Bad debt				4,888		4,888	4,888
Total expenses before depreciation							
and amortization	1,497,106	5,862,188	7,359,294	895,396	1,024,994	1,920,390	9,279,684
Depreciation and amortization		284,066	284,066	76,104		76,104	360,170
Total expenses	\$ 1,497,106	\$ 6,146,254	\$ 7,643,360	\$ 971,500	\$ 1,024,994	\$ 1,996,494	\$ 9,639,854

The Land Institute Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Program Services						
	Education and Public Policy	NSA Research	Total	Management and General	Fundraising	Total	Total Expenses
Salaries Payroll taxes Employee benefits Employee recruitment	\$ 662,728 46,677 100,647 103	\$ 2,213,655 156,743 315,236 3,474	\$ 2,876,383 203,420 415,883 3,577	\$ 228,726 18,894 17,387 10,041	\$ 416,386 28,786 64,290 283	\$ 645,112 47,680 81,677 10,324	\$ 3,521,495 251,100 497,560 13,901
Total salaries and related expenses	810,155	2,689,108	3,499,263	275,048	509,745	784,793	4,284,056
Advertising, promotion and printing Books, subscriptions and dues Computer expense Contract services	52,735 8,834 22,600 50,464	7,870 20,715 103,247 323,064 20,005	60,605 29,549 125,847 373,528	273 2,822 9,098 54,630	22,281 6,430 12,651 24,750	22,554 9,252 21,749 79,380	83,159 38,801 147,596 452,908 76 (102
Direct mailing Events Insurance	10,308 3,304 27,287	39,905 9,215 86,726	50,213 12,519 114,013	8,640 - 8,753	17,339 8,077 15,940	25,979 8,077 24,693	76,192 20,596 138,706
Advisory and board meetings Small equipment	3,422	63,644	67,066	14,782 7,080	-	14,782 7,080	14,782 74,146
Maintenance and repairs Rent and utilities	16,395 24,569	172,219 100,920	188,614 125,489	7,460 8,574	9,143 15,946 2,618	16,603 24,520	205,217 150,009
Office supplies and repairs Postage and freight Professional services	5,308 2,988 12,699	10,808 12,104 53,444	16,116 15,092 66,143	1,853 574 70,913	2,618 2,218 27,679	4,471 2,792 98,592	20,587 17,884 164,735
Research stipends Supplies and materials	53,314 2,569	247,807 228,063	301,121 230,632	-	-	-	301,121 230,632
Taxes Travel Honorarium	899 16,284 2,258	2,719 74,703	3,618 90,987 2,258	335 36,597	493 38,935	828 75,532	4,446 166,519 2,258
Bad debt Miscellaneous	1,192	3,769	4,961	1,007 660	1,145	1,007 1,805	1,007 6,766
Total expenses before depreciation and amortization	1,127,584	4,250,050	5,377,634	509,099	715,390	1,224,489	6,602,123
Depreciation and amortization		288,475	288,475	72,119		72,119	360,594
Total expenses	\$ 1,127,584	\$ 4,538,525	\$ 5,666,109	\$ 581,218	\$ 715,390	\$ 1,296,608	\$ 6,962,717

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The Land Institute Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	 2023	2022
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Change in net assets	\$ 83,370	\$ 1,674,260
Items not requiring (providing) operating activities cash flows	,	, ,
Depreciation	360,170	360,594
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	_	14,800
Contributed property	-	(1,524,000)
Change in interest in assets of Foundation	(1,370)	5,461
Deferred compensation expense	(31,100)	(13,200)
Changes in		
Grants receivable	293,965	(263,116)
Interest receivable	5,182	1,783
Contributions receivable	60,000	445,000
Inventory	(9,665)	1,898
Prepaid expenses	88,680	56,121
Accounts payable	98,529	(63,139)
Accrued expenses	(92,448)	253,861
Refundable advances	(506,907)	467,784
Deferred income (loss)	 210	 (42,000)
Net cash provided by operating activities	 348,616	 1,376,107
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(343,906)	(455,075)
Proceeds from maturity of investments	1,530,665	2,464,025
Transfers to Greater Salina Community Foundation	(91,105)	-
Purchases of investments	 (6,216,724)	 (619,376)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	 (5,121,070)	 1,389,574
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(4,772,454)	2,765,681
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	 11,726,251	 8,960,570
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 6,953,797	\$ 11,726,251

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

The Land Institute (the Institute) is a not-for-profit organization whose mission and principal activities are to research and develop new perennial grain crops, ecologically intensified and diversified cropping systems, and socially just and equitable agroecosystems that function within ecological limits. The Institute's revenues and other support are derived principally from individual, foundation and corporate contributions. In addition, the Institute receives federal and state grants.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, gains, losses and other changes in net assets during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

The Institute considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Uninvested cash and cash equivalents included in investment accounts, including endowment accounts, are considered to be cash and cash equivalents. Deposit accounts restricted internally by the Board are considered to be cash and cash equivalents. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, cash equivalents consisted primarily of money market accounts with brokers.

At June 30, 2023, the Institute's cash accounts did not exceed federally insured limits.

Contributions and Grants Receivable

Contributions receivable and grants receivable are stated at the amount of consideration from donors or grantors, of which the Institute has an unconditional right to receive. The Institute evaluates the need for an allowance for doubtful accounts, which is based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information and existing economic conditions. No allowance for doubtful accounts was recorded at June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Delinquent receivables are written off based on individual credit evaluation and specific circumstances of the donor or grantor.

During the years ended June 30, 2023 or 2022, the Institute did not have any impairment losses on doubtful receivables, where collectability is not reasonably assured.

Inventories

Inventories consist of books, mugs, water bottles and clothing. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Costs are determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

Investments and Net Investment Return

The Institute measures securities, other than investments that qualify for the equity method of accounting, at fair value.

Investment return includes, interest and other investment income; realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments carried at fair value; and realized gains and losses on other investments, less external and direct internal investment expenses. Gains and losses on the sale of securities are recorded on the trade date and are determined using the specific identification method.

Investment return that is initially restricted by donor stipulation and for which the restriction will be satisfied in the same year is included in net assets without donor restrictions. Other investment return is reflected in the statements of activities with or without donor restrictions based upon the existence and nature of any donor or legally imposed restrictions.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment acquisitions over \$5,000 are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is charged to expense on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or respective estimated useful lives.

The estimated useful lives for each major depreciable classification of property and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	15-40 years
Equipment and vehicles	5-15 years

Long-Lived Asset Impairment

The Institute evaluates the recoverability of the carrying value of long-lived assets whenever events or circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If a long-lived asset is tested for recoverability and the undiscounted estimated future cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset are less than the carrying amount of the asset, the asset cost is adjusted to fair value and an impairment loss is recognized as the amount by which the carrying amount of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value.

No asset impairment was recognized during the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Deferred Revenue and Refundable Advances

Revenue for conditional grants and contributions is deferred and recognized when expenses are incurred.

Net Assets

Net assets, revenues, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions are available for use in general operations and not subject to donor or certain grantor restrictions. The governing board has designated, from net assets without donor or certain grantor restrictions net assets for a board-designated endowment.

Net assets with donor restrictions are subject to donor or certain grantor restrictions. Some restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor or grantor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity.

Contributions

Contributions are provided to the Institute either with or without restrictions placed on the gift by the donor. Revenues and net assets are separately reported to reflect the nature of those gifts – with or without donor restrictions. The value recorded for each contribution is recognized as follows:

Nature of the Gift	Value Recognized
Conditional gifts, with or without restriction	
Gifts that depend on the Institute overcoming a donor-imposed barrier to	Not recognized until the gift becomes unconditional, <i>i.e.</i> , the donor-imposed barrier
be entitled to the funds	is met
Unconditional gifts, with or without restriction	
Received at date of gift – cash and other assets	Fair value
Received at date of gift – property, equipment and long-lived assets	Estimated fair value
Expected to be collected within one year	Net realizable value
Collected in future years	Initially reported at fair value determined using the discounted present value of estimated future cash flows technique

In addition to the amount initially recognized, revenue for unconditional gifts to be collected in future years is also recognized each year as the present-value discount is amortized using the level-yield method.

When a donor stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Absent explicit donor stipulations for the period of time that long-lived assets must be held, expirations of restrictions for gifts of land, buildings, equipment and other long-lived assets are reported when those assets are placed in service.

Gifts and investment income having donor stipulations which are satisfied in the period the gift is received are recorded as revenue and net assets without donor restrictions.

Conditional contributions having donor stipulations which are satisfied in the period the gift is received are recorded as revenue and net assets without donor restrictions.

Government Grants

Support funded by grants is recognized as the Institute meets the conditions prescribed by the grant agreement, performs the contracted services or incurs outlays eligible for reimbursement under the grant agreements. Grant activities and outlays are subject to audit and acceptance by the granting agency and, as a result of such audit, adjustments could be required.

Income Taxes

The Institute is exempt from income taxes under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. However, the Institute is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of supporting the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. The statements of functional expenses present the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Certain costs have been allocated among the program and support categories based on reasonable estimates of time and effort applied to each category and other methods.

Note 2: Contributions Receivable

Contributions receivable consisted of the following:

		2023 Without With Donor Donor Restrictions Restrictions				Total
Due within one year	\$	680,000	\$	_	\$	680,000
			20	22		
		Vithout Donor	With Donor			
	Re	strictions	Restri	ctions		Total
Due within one year	\$	385,000	\$	-	\$	385,000
Due within one to five years		355,000		_		355,000
	\$	740,000	\$	_	\$	740,000

Note 3: Interest in Assets at Greater Salina Community Foundation

The Institute has transferred assets to Greater Salina Community Foundation (the Foundation) and retained a beneficial interest in those assets. The Institute has granted variance power to the Foundation to exercise ultimate authority and control over the assets. Should the purpose for which the fund at the Foundation was created ever become obsolete or incapable of fulfillment, or should the Institute cease to exist, the Foundation will disperse any distributions from the fund to a similar charity comparable to the Institute for purposes as similar as possible to those set forth in the Institute's agreement with the Foundation.

The fair value of the retained beneficial interest included in the statements of financial position was \$121,691 and \$29,216 at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Note 4: Property and Equipment

Property and equipment at June 30, 2023 and 2022 consists of:

	2023	2022
Land	\$ 3,635,224	\$ 3,635,224
Land improvements	77,533	77,533
Buildings	7,397,343	7,362,577
Leasehold improvements	68,016	68,016
Equipment	2,890,542	2,598,125
Vehicles	117,246	100,585
	14,185,904	13,842,060
Less: accumulated depreciation	4,319,403	3,959,295
	\$ 9,866,501	\$ 9,882,765

Note 5: Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plan

Defined Contribution Plan

The Institute has a defined contribution pension plan covering substantially all employees. The Institute contributes 5 percent of each eligible employee's salary to the Plan. Contribution expense was \$149,423 and \$114,877 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Deferred Compensation Agreement

The Institute has an unfunded deferred compensation agreement with its president emeritus and cofounder that provides, upon retirement, \$46,000 in benefits annually for life. The present value of total estimated deferred compensation is accrued in the accompanying statements of financial position. The Institute annually determines the present value of the liability based upon the expected retirement date of the individual and the estimated number of payments required subsequent to their retirement date. Expense for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 was \$(31,100) and \$(13,200), respectively.

Note 6: Conditional Gifts

The Institute has received the following conditional promise to give at June 30, 2023 and 2022 that is not recognized in the financial statements:

	2023	2022
Conditional promise to give	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 3,000,000

The Institute received this conditional promise to give in November 2019, which totaled \$7,500,000 for the period November 2019 to November 2024. The donor may terminate the grant agreement immediately if any terms or conditions of the grant agreement are violated, if any portion of the grant funds are spent or disbursed for purposes other than those permitted by the grant agreement, if the Institute ceases to be a tax-exempt organization, if the donor determines that the Institute is not capable of satisfactorily completing its work, or for any other reason in the donor's discretion. The donor also reserves the right to unilaterally revise the terms and conditions of the grant agreement if there is a change in the chief executive officer or other key position.

Note 7: Net Assets

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions at June 30 are restricted for the following purposes or periods:

	2023	2022
Subject to expenditure for specified purpose		
NSA research	\$ 1,554,997	\$ 2,374,819
Endowment	40,000	40,000
Total net assets with donor restrictions	\$ 1,594,997	\$ 2,414,819

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

Net assets without donor restrictions at June 30 have been designated for the following purposes:

	2023	2022
Undesignated Designated by the Board for endowment Invested in property and equipment	\$ 10,963,728 394,024 9,866,501	\$ 10,044,272 394,024 9,882,765
Net assets without donor restrictions	\$ 21,224,253	\$ 20,321,061

Net Assets Released from Restrictions

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purposes or by occurrence of other events specified by donors.

	2023	2022
Satisfaction of purpose restrictions		
NSA research	\$ 819,822	\$ 365,178

Note 8: Endowment

The Institute's governing body is subject to the *Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act* (UPMIFA). As a result, the Institute classifies amounts in its donor-restricted endowment funds as net assets with donor restrictions because those net assets are time restricted until the governing body appropriates such amounts for expenditures. Most of those net assets also are subject to purpose restrictions that must be met before being reclassified as net assets without donor restrictions.

Additionally, in accordance with UPMIFA, the Institute considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. Duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. Purposes of the Institute and the fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. Possible effect of inflation and deflation
- 5. Expected total return from investment income and appreciation or depreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of the Institute
- 7. Investment policies of the Institute

The Institute's endowment consists of individual funds established for a variety of purposes. The endowment includes both donor-restricted endowment funds and funds designated by the governing body to function as endowments (board-designated endowment funds). As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), net assets associated with endowment funds, including board-designated endowment funds, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The composition of net assets by type of endowment fund at June 30, 2023 and 2022, was:

		2023	
	 out Donor strictions	 th Donor strictions	Total
Board-designated endowment funds Donor-restricted endowment funds	\$ 394,024	\$ -	\$ 394,024
required to be maintained in perpetuity by donor	 -	 40,000	 40,000
Total endowment funds	\$ 394,024	\$ 40,000	\$ 434,024

		2022	
	 out Donor strictions	 th Donor strictions	Total
Board-designated endowment funds Donor-restricted endowment funds	\$ 394,024	\$ -	\$ 394,024
required to be maintained in perpetuity by donor	 	 40,000	 40,000
Total endowment funds	\$ 394,024	\$ 40,000	\$ 434,024

Change in endowment net assets for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were:

	2023						
	Without Donor With Donor Restrictions Restrictions		Total				
Endowment net assets,							
beginning of year	\$	394,024	\$	40,000	\$	434,024	
Net investment return		12,426		128		12,554	
Appropriation of endowment							
assets for expenditure		(12,426)		(128)		(12,554)	
Endowment net assets,							
end of year	\$	394,024	\$	40,000	\$	434,024	

	2022 Without Donor With Donor Restrictions Restrictions Total					
Endowment net assets,						
beginning of year	\$	394,024	\$	40,000	\$	434,024
Net investment return		3,943		43		3,986
Appropriation of endowment						
assets for expenditure		(3,943)		(43)		(3,986)
Endowment net assets,						
end of year	\$	394,024	\$	40,000	\$	434,024

Investment and Spending Policies

The Institute has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs and other items supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted endowment funds the Institute must hold in perpetuity or for donor-specified periods, as well as those of board-designated endowment funds. Under the Institute's policies, endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to preserve the endowment for the long-term needs of the Institute while assuming a low level of investment risk.

To satisfy its long-term rate of return objectives, the Institute relies on fully insured certificate of deposits and money market accounts.

The Institute has a spending policy of appropriating for expenditure each year all of its endowment earnings for operation. Accordingly, over the long term, the Institute expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment to preserve its balance. This is consistent with the Institute's objective to maintain the purchasing power of endowment assets held in perpetuity or for a specified term, as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return.

Note 9: Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of June 30, 2023 and 2022, comprise the following:

	2023			
	Financial	Available		
	Assets	Liquidity		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,953,797	\$ 6,953,797		
Investments	6,216,724	5,782,700		
Contributions, grants and interest receivable	904,893	904,893		
	\$ 14,075,414	\$ 13,641,390		
	20	22		
	=•			
	Financial Assets	Available Liquidity		
Cash and cash equivalents	Financial	Available		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	Financial Assets	Available Liquidity		
*	Financial Assets \$ 11,726,251	Available Liquidity \$ 11,726,251		

The Institute receives contributions restricted by donors and considers contributions restricted for programs which are ongoing, major and central to its annual operations to be available to meet cash needs for general expenditures. For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, restricted contributions of \$1,554,997 and \$2,374,819, respectively, were included in financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year.

The board-designated endowment of \$394,024 is subject to an annual spending that allows endowment earnings to be spent for operations, as described in *Note 8*. Although the Institute does not intend to spend from this board-designated endowment (other than amounts appropriated for general expenditure as part of the Board's annual budget approval and appropriation), these amounts could be made available if necessary.

Note 10: Collaborative Arrangement

The Institute and the Malone Family Land Preservation Foundation entered into a joint project agreement on September 15, 2014 to further the research and development of perennial agriculture. The project is referred to as "The Perennial Agriculture Project in conjunction with the Malone Family Land Preservation Foundation and The Land Institute" (the Project). The agreement shall continue through December 31, 2029 unless terminated prior to that date in accordance with the provisions of the agreement.

The Malone Family Land Preservation Foundation will provide up to \$1.5 million each year during the term of the agreement to pay costs directly associated with the Project. It shall first pay expenses that it directly incurs, and if that amount is less than \$1.5 million in a calendar year, it will reimburse the Institute for reasonable Project-related expenses incurred by the Institute up to a maximum of \$1.5 million of combined expenses for the two entities. The Malone Family Land Preservation Foundation may choose to exceed the annual \$1.5 million cap in any particular calendar year but must reduce the \$1.5 million cap by a like amount in the future.

The Project costs may include land acquisitions, construction of facilities, and purchasing equipment. Real property, buildings, or other facilities and equipment acquired by the Malone Family Land Preservation Foundation shall remain its property during the term of the agreement and thereafter. However, at the conclusion of the agreement, the Institute may purchase any such real property, buildings or other facilities and equipment at fair market value if the Malone Family Land Preservation Foundation chooses to sell such assets. Any assets purchased by the Institute (and not reimbursed by the Malone Family Land Preservation Foundation) will remain the property of the Institute during the term of the agreement and thereafter, but the Malone Family Land Preservation Foundation will continue to have the non-exclusive right to use such assets. The Project expenses paid by the Institute will be included in research program expenses.

The Institute presents the revenue from the collaboration arrangement in the statements of activities as reimbursement of joint project expenses. The Institute was reimbursed \$172,278 and \$156,268 in related expenses for the Project during the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Note 11: Related Party Transactions

Contributions received from members of the Board of Directors and organizations related to the Institute totaled \$302,660 and \$268,390 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The Institute has a joint project agreement with the Malone Family Land Preservation Foundation (see *Note 10*).

Note 12: Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The hierarchy comprises three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Recurring Measurements

The following tables present the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying statements of financial position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2023 and 2022:

			2023 alue Measureme	nts Usina
	Total Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Externally managed investments Certificates of deposit Interest in assets at Greater Salina Community	\$ 6,216,724	\$-	\$ 6,216,724	\$ -
Foundation	<u>121,691</u> \$ 6,338,415	<u> </u>	- \$ 6,216,724	121,691 \$ 121,691

			2022 Alue Measuremer	nts Usina
	Total Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Externally managed investments Certificates of deposit Interest in assets at Greater Salina Community	\$ 1,530,665	\$ -	\$ 1,530,665	\$-
Foundation	29,216			29,216
	\$ 1,559,881	\$ -	\$ 1,530,665	\$ 29,216

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying statements of financial position, as well as the general classification of such assets and liabilities pursuant to the valuation hierarchy. There have been no significant changes in the valuation techniques during the year ended June 30, 2023. For assets classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, the process used to develop the reported fair value is described below.

Externally Managed Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

Interest in Assets at Greater Salina Community Foundation

Fair value is estimated using a discounted cash flow model. Due to the nature of the valuation inputs, the interest is classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

Transfers To and From Level 3

Transfers to and from Level 3 and the reasons for those transfers are as follows:

	Signii Unobse Inputs (ervable	Reason for Transfer		
Purchases	\$	91,105	Transferred from cash to Level 3 to generate earnings		
Transfers in to Level 3	\$	91,105			

Level 3 Reconciliation

The following is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of recurring fair value measurements recognized in the accompanying statements of financial position using significant unobservable (Level 3) inputs:

	Interest in Assets at Greater Salina Community Foundation		
Balance July 1, 2021	\$	34,677	
Unrealized depreciation on investments		(5,461)	
Balance June 30, 2022		29,216	
Unrealized appreciation on investments Purchases		1,370 91,105	
Balance June 30, 2023	\$	121,691	
Total gains or losses for the period included in changes in net assets attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses related to assets still held at the reporting date			
Year ended June 30, 2022	\$	(5,461)	
Year ended June 30, 2023	\$	1,370	

Note 13: Contributed Nonfinancial Assets

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, contributed nonfinancial assets recognized within the statements of activities included:

	2023		2022		
Land	\$	225,000	\$	1,524,000	

The nonfinancial assets listed above were recognized within revenue. Unless otherwise noted, contributed nonfinancial assets did not have donor-imposed restrictions.

The contributed land received in 2022 will be used to support the mission of the Institute. In valuing the contributed land, which is located in Brookings County, South Dakota, the Institute obtained an appraisal from an independent third party to determine the fair value.

Note 14: Significant Estimates and Concentrations

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require disclosure of certain significant estimates and current vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations. Those matters include the following:

Contributions

Approximately 36 percent and 43 percent of all contributions were received from two donors in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Contributions Receivable

Approximately 85 percent and 88 percent of all contributions receivable were from two donors in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Significant estimates relating to the allowance of contributions receivable are described in Note 1.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

Significant estimates relating to the functional allocation of expenses are described in Note 1.

Note 15: Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 21, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors The Land Institute Salina, Kansas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of The Land Institute, which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered The Land Institute's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Land Institute's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of The Land Institute's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.



Board of Directors The Land Institute Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether The Land Institute's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Land Institute's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on The Land Institute's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Land Institute's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of The Land Institute's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering The Land Institute's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORVIS, LLP

Kansas City, Missouri November 21, 2023